

Characterization Well R-12:

Location: TA-72, Sandia Canyon
near the eastern Lab boundary

Ground surface elevation: 6501 ft asl
NAD 83 Survey coordinates (center top of
protective box):
x: 1647424.2 y: 1767913.4
z: 6499.6 ft asl

Drilling: air rotary with casing advance/fluid-
assisted air rotary
Phase 1 Start date: 3/10/98
Phase 1 End date: 6/8/98
Phase 2 Start date: 10/25/99
Phase 2 End date: 1/10/00

Borehole drilled to 886 ft

Data collection:

Total core collected: 11.4 % of R-12; 26.4% for
this location when core from SCOI-3 included.

Hydrologic properties:

Moisture content/matric potential (112/111)
Pore water anions (73) and isotopes (4)
Samples for hydraulic properties
analyses:

- 1 from Cerros del Rio basalt
- 1 from Puye Fm
- 2 from Old Alluvium

Field Hydraulic Testing: none

Cores/cuttings submitted for geochemical
and contaminant characterization: (14)

Groundwater samples submitted for
geochem and cont. characterization: (4)

Geologic properties:

Mineralogy, petrography, and chemistry (23)

Borehole logs:

- Lithologic (0-847 ft)
- Video (0-182 ft)
- Caliper (inside 10-3/4 in casing)
- Natural gamma (0-640 ft cased)

Contaminants Detected in Borehole Samples:

Perched groundwater: uranium (?), nitrate,
ammonia, tritium, chloride

Regional groundwater: tritium, uranium (?),
nitrogen isotopes indicate sewage influence
Cuttings/Core: $P^{39/240}$, ^{241}Am (?)

Compilation of data collection and analyses
results: LA-UR-00-3785

Well construction:

- Drilling Completed: 1/10/00
- Well Installed: 1/24/00
- Well Developed: 2/6/00
- Westbay Installed: 3/21/00

Casing: 4.3-in I.D. mild steel to 354 ft; 4.5-in
I.D. stainless steel from 354 ft to 869 ft

Number of Screens: 3

4.5-in I.D. ss; 0.010-in slot for screens #1 and
#3; 0.005-in for screen #2

Screen placements:

- Screen #1 - 459 ft to 467.5 ft
- Screen #2 - 504.5 ft to 508 ft
- Screen #3 - 801 ft to 839 ft

Well development consisted of jetting
and pumping each screen and
pumping the sump.

Groundwater occurrences were determined
by recognition first water produced while
drilling with air. Static water levels were determined
after the borehole was rested. During Phase I drilling,
the upper perched zone was isolated from the lower
vadose zone by landing 10-3/4 in. casing in clay-rich
deposits at 520.5 ft and drilling ahead with 8-5/8 in.
casing-advance drill system.

Geologic contacts determined by examination
of cuttings and core, interpretation of natural
gamma logs, and analysis of geologic samples
by petrography and rock chemistry.

